

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-54208

**BioCorRx Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

90-0967447

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**2390 East Orangewood Avenue, Suite 575**

**Anaheim, California 92806**

(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

**(714) 462-4880**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
N/A	N/A	N/A

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of August 13, 2019, there were 3,059,506 shares of registrant's common stock outstanding.

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This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q other than statements of historical fact, including statements regarding our future results of operations and financial position, our business strategy and plans, and our objectives for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words “believe,” “may,” “will,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “expect,” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy, short-term and long-term business operations and objectives, and financial needs. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the future events and trends discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may not occur and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or publicly release the results of any revision to these forward-looking statements, except as required by law. Given these risks and uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

Unless expressly indicated or the context requires otherwise, the terms “BioCorRx,” “company,” “we,” “us,” and “our” in this document refer to BioCorRx, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and, where appropriate, its wholly owned subsidiaries.

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**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**BIOCORRX INC.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(UNAUDITED)**

	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>December 31, 2018</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 4,812,697	\$ 279,772
Accounts receivable, net	-	8,000
Prepaid expenses	61,475	31,458
Total current assets	<u>4,874,172</u>	<u>319,230</u>
Property and equipment, net	106,461	44,369
Right to use assets	266,647	-
Other assets:		
Patents	15,200	15,200
Intellectual property, net	236,000	236,000
Deposits, long term	13,422	13,422
Total other assets	<u>264,622</u>	<u>264,622</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,511,902</u>	<u>\$ 628,221</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND DEFICIT</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses, including related party payables of \$196,642 and \$32,318, respectively	\$ 1,536,271	\$ 1,554,652
Deferred revenue, short term	131,434	209,474
Lease liability, short term	43,574	-
Convertible notes payable, net of debt discount of \$0 and \$656,231	4,160,000	3,503,769
Notes payable, net of debt discounts of \$19,428 and \$127,419	505,572	672,581
Notes payable, related party	186,590	186,590
Total current liabilities	<u>6,563,441</u>	<u>6,127,066</u>
Long term liabilities:		
Royalty obligation - net of discount of \$7,055,866 and \$0 (related party - \$833,177, net of discount of \$3,527,933 and \$0)	1,666,234	-
Deferred revenue, long term	168,563	207,523
Lease liability, long term	259,790	-
Total liabilities	<u>8,658,028</u>	<u>6,334,589</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Deficit:		
Preferred stock, no par value, 600,000 shares authorized		

Series A convertible preferred stock, no par value; 80,000 designated; 80,000 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018	16,000	16,000
Series B convertible preferred stock, no par value; 160,000 designated; 160,000 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018	5,616	5,616
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 3,057,848 and 2,597,347 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively	3,058	2,597
Common stock subscribed	100,000	100,000
Additional paid in capital	55,789,574	49,418,356
Accumulated deficit	(58,986,432)	(55,176,450)
Total deficit attributable to BioCorRx, Inc.	(3,072,184)	(5,633,881)
Non-controlling interest	(73,942)	(72,487)
Total deficit	(3,146,126)	(5,706,368)
Total liabilities and deficit	\$ 5,511,902	\$ 628,221

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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**BIOCORRX INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(UNAUDITED)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues, net	\$ 65,976	\$ 98,674	\$ 131,250	\$ 246,398
Operating expenses:				
Cost of implants and other costs	30,365	52,993	33,185	85,798
Research and development	135,138	-	281,103	59,006
Selling, general and administrative	1,497,037	785,834	2,891,702	1,377,256
Depreciation	3,340	1,302	5,534	4,748
Total operating expenses	<u>1,665,880</u>	<u>840,129</u>	<u>3,211,524</u>	<u>1,526,808</u>

Loss from operations	(1,599,904)	(741,455)	(3,080,274)	(1,280,410)
Other income (expenses):				
Interest expense, net	(583,308)	(480,132)	(1,097,476)	(942,923)
Grant income	127,737	-	351,796	-
Other miscellaneous income	14,517	-	14,517	-
Total other income (expenses)	<u>(441,054)</u>	<u>(480,132)</u>	<u>(731,163)</u>	<u>(942,923)</u>
Net loss before provision for income taxes	(2,040,958)	(1,221,587)	(3,811,437)	(2,223,333)
Income taxes	-	-	-	-
Net loss	(2,040,958)	(1,221,587)	(3,811,437)	(2,223,333)
Non-controlling interest	1,427	45	1,455	45
Net loss attributable to BioCorRx Inc.	<u>\$ (2,039,531)</u>	<u>\$ (1,221,542)</u>	<u>\$ (3,809,982)</u>	<u>\$ (2,223,288)</u>
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.67)</u>	<u>\$ (0.49)</u>	<u>\$ (1.34)</u>	<u>\$ (0.90)</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	<u>3,047,447</u>	<u>2,504,932</u>	<u>2,838,814</u>	<u>2,484,073</u>

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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**BIOCORRX INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF DEFICIT**  
**THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**  
(UNAUDITED)

	Series A Convertible Preferred stock		Series B Convertible Preferred stock		Common stock		Common stock Subscribed	Subscription Receivable	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
Balance, December 31, 2018	80,000	\$ 16,000	160,000	\$ 5,616	2,597,347	\$ 2,597	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 49,418,356	\$ (55,176,450)	\$ (72,487)	\$ (5,706,368)
Round up shares for reverse stock split	-	-	-	-	849	1	-	-	(1)	-	-	-
Common stock issued for services rendered	-	-	-	-	8,706	9	-	-	40,241	-	-	40,250
Sale of common stock	-	-	-	-	22,222	22	-	-	99,978	-	-	100,000
Interest expense paid with common stock	-	-	-	-	1,000	1	-	-	7,499	-	-	7,500



Common stock issued in connection with subscription and royalty agreement	-	-	-	-	400,000	400	-	(1,560,000)	1,559,600	-	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	950,815	-	-	950,815
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,770,451)	(28)	(1,770,479)
Balance, March 31, 2019	80,000	16,000	160,000	5,616	3,030,124	3,030	100,000	(1,560,000)	52,076,488	(56,946,901)	(72,515)	(6,378,282)
Common stock issued for services rendered	-	-	-	-	24,882	25	-	-	107,375	-	-	107,400
Interest expense paid with common stock	-	-	-	-	2,842	3	-	-	13,497	-	-	13,500
Common stock issued in connection with subscription and royalty agreement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,560,000	2,889,100	-	-	4,449,100
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	703,114	-	-	703,114
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,039,531)	(1,427)	(2,040,958)
Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>80,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,000</u>	<u>160,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,616</u>	<u>3,057,848</u>	<u>\$ 3,058</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 55,789,574</u>	<u>\$ (58,986,432)</u>	<u>\$ (73,942)</u>	<u>\$ (3,146,126)</u>

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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**BIOCORRX INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF DEFICIT**  
**THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**  
(UNAUDITED)

	Series A Convertible Preferred stock		Series B Convertible Preferred stock		Common stock		Common stock Subscribed	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount					
Balance, December 31, 2017	80,000	\$ 16,000	160,000	\$ 5,616	2,440,863	\$ 2,440	\$ 100,000	\$ 44,823,542	\$ (48,840,534)	\$ -	\$ (3,892,936)
Effect of adoption of Accounting Codification Standard 2017-11, Revenue from Contracts with Customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	175,975	-	175,975
Common stock issued for services rendered	-	-	-	-	6,750	7	-	98,278	-	-	98,285
Common stock issued for services accrued in 2017	-	-	-	-	10,000	10	-	(10)	-	-	-
Sale of common stock	-	-	-	-	12,500	12	-	149,988	-	-	150,000
Common stock issued in connection with notes payable	-	-	-	-	1,000	1	-	25,499	-	-	25,500
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,535	-	-	78,535
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,001,746)	-	(1,001,746)
Balance, March 31, 2018	80,000	16,000	160,000	5,616	2,471,113	2,470	100,000	45,175,832	(49,666,305)	-	(4,366,387)

Common stock issued for services rendered	-	-	-	-	750	1	-	13,124	-	-	13,125
Proceeds from common stock subscription	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,150,000	-	-	-	1,150,000
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	415,265	-	-	415,265
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,221,542)	(45)	(1,221,587)
Balance, June 30, 2018	<u>80,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,000</u>	<u>160,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,616</u>	<u>2,471,863</u>	<u>\$ 2,471</u>	<u>\$ 1,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 45,604,221</u>	<u>\$ (50,887,847)</u>	<u>\$ (45)</u>	<u>\$ (4,009,584)</u>

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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**BIOCORRX INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(UNAUDITED)

	<b>Six months ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (3,811,437)	\$ (2,223,333)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash flows used in operating activities:		

Depreciation	5,534	4,748
Amortization of discount on royalty obligation	115,334	-
Bad debt expense	2,400	12,250
Interest expense paid with common stock	21,000	-
Amortization of debt discount	764,222	759,587
Amortization of right-of-use asset	15,302	-
Accretion of lease liability	6,164	-
Lease non-cash expense	15,251	-
Stock based compensation	1,801,579	605,210
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	5,600	(18,300)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(30,017)	12,071
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(18,381)	25,696
Settlement payable	-	(15,000)
Deferred revenue	(117,000)	(117,698)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(1,224,449)</u>	<u>(954,769)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of equipment	<u>(67,626)</u>	<u>(29,563)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(67,626)</u>	<u>(29,563)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from sale of common stock	100,000	150,000
Proceeds from common stock subscription and royalty agreement	6,000,000	-
Proceeds from common stock subscriptions	-	1,150,000
Proceeds from notes payable	-	250,000
Repayment of notes payable	<u>(275,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>5,825,000</u>	<u>1,550,000</u>
Net increase in cash	4,532,925	565,668
Cash, beginning of the period	<u>279,772</u>	<u>11,342</u>
Cash, end of period	<u>\$ 4,812,697</u>	<u>\$ 577,010</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</b>		
Interest paid	<u>\$ 32,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Taxes paid	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Non cash financing activities:</b>		
Record right to use assets per ASC 842	<u>\$ 307,414</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Record lease liability per ASC 842	<u>\$ 341,325</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Reclassify fair value of warrant liability upon adoption of ASC 2017-11	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 175,975</u>

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

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**BIOCORRX, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**  
(UNAUDITED)

**NOTE 1 – BUSINESS**

BioCorRx Inc., through its subsidiaries, develops and provides innovative treatment programs for substance abuse and related disorders. The BioCorRx® Recovery Program is a non-addictive, medication-assisted treatment (MAT) program for substance abuse that includes peer recovery support. The UnCraveRx™ Weight Loss Management Program is a medically assisted weight management program that is combined with a virtual platform application. The full program is estimated to launch in October 2019. The Company is also engaged in the research and development of sustained release naltrexone products for the treatment of addiction and other possible disorders. Specifically, the company is developing an injectable (BICX101) and implantable naltrexone (BICX102) with the goal of future regulatory approval with the Food and Drug Administration.

On July 28, 2016, the Company formed BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, for the purpose of developing certain business lines. In connection with the formation, the newly formed sub issued 24.2% ownership to officers of the Company with the Company retaining 75.8%. In 2018, BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. began operating activities (Note 14).

Effective January 22, 2019, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to implement a reverse stock split in the ratio of 1 share for every 100 shares of common stock. As a result, 259,984,655 shares of the Company's common stock were exchanged for 2,599,847 shares of the Company's common stock. These condensed consolidated financial statements have been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse stock split (See Note 12).

**NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Interim Financial Statements

The following (a) condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2018, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and (b) the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 8-03 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2019. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2018 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on April 16, 2019.

Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of BioCorRx Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Fresh Start Private, Inc. and its majority owned subsidiary, BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (hereafter referred to as the "Company" or "BioCorRx"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board "FASB" Accounting Standards Codification "ASC" 606. A

five-step analysis a must be met as outlined in Topic 606: (i) identify the contract with the customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations, and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) performance obligations are satisfied. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded. There were no changes to the Company's revenue recognition policy from the adoption of ASC 606.

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The Company has elected the following practical expedients in applying ASC 606:

- Unsatisfied Performance Obligations - all performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year. The Company has elected to apply the optional exemption provided in ASC 606 and therefore, is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period.



- **Contract Costs** - all incremental customer contract acquisition costs are expensed as they are incurred as the amortization period of the asset that the Company otherwise would have recognized is one year or less in duration.
- **Significant Financing Component** - the Company does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component as the Company expects, at contract inception, that the period between when the entity transfers a promised good or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less.
- **Sales Tax Exclusion from the Transaction Price** - the Company excludes from the measurement of the transaction price all taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction and collected by the Company from the customer.
- **Shipping and Handling Activities** - the Company elected to account for shipping and handling activities as a fulfillment cost rather than as a separate performance obligation.
- **Modified Retrospective Method** - the Company adopted ASC 606 on January 1, 2019 utilizing the modified retrospective method allowing the Company to not retrospectively adjust prior periods. The Company applied the modified retrospective method only to contracts that were not completed at January 1, 2019 and accounted for the aggregate effect of any contract modifications upon adoption.

The Company's net sales are disaggregated by product category. The sales/access fees consist of product sales. The distribution rights income consists of the income recognized from the amortization of distribution agreements entered into for its products.

The following table presents the Company's net sales by product category for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	<b>Three months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>
Sales/access fees	\$ 7,500	\$ 39,500
Distribution rights income	58,476	59,174
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 65,976</b>	<b>\$ 98,674</b>

The following table presents the Company's net sales by product category for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	<b>Six months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>
Sales/access fees	\$ 14,250	\$ 103,700
Distribution rights income	117,000	142,698
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 131,250</b>	<b>\$ 246,398</b>

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*Deferred revenue:*

The Company licenses proprietary products and protocols to customers under licensing agreements that allow those customers to utilize the products and protocols in services they provide to their customers. The timing and amount of revenue recognized from license agreements depends upon a variety of factors, including the specific terms of each agreement. Such agreements are reviewed for multiple performance obligations. Performance obligations can include amounts related to initial non-refundable license fees for the use of the Company's products and protocols and additional royalties on covered services.

The Company granted license and sub-license agreements for various regions or States in the United States allowing the licensee to market, distribute and sell solely in the defined license territory, as defined, the products provided by the Company. The agreements are granted for a defined period or perpetual and are effective as long as annual milestones are achieved.

Terms for payments for licensee agreements vary from full cash payment to defined terms. In cases where license or sub-license fees are uncollected or deferred; the Company nets those uncollected fees with the deferred revenue for balance sheet presentation.

The Company amortizes license fees over the shorter of the economic life of the related contract life or contract terms for each licensee.

The following table presents the changes in deferred revenue, reflected as current and long term liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheet:

Balance as of December 31, 2018:	
Short term	\$ 209,474
Long term	207,523
Total as of December 31, 2018	\$ 416,997
Cash payments received	-
Net sales recognized	(117,000)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	299,997
Less short term	131,434
Long term	\$ 168,563

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include assumptions used in the fair value of stock-based compensation, the fair value of other equity and debt instruments, right-to-use assets, lease liabilities, fair value of intangible assets, useful lives of assets and allowance for doubtful accounts.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at original invoice amount less an allowance for uncollectible accounts that management believes will be adequate to absorb estimated losses on existing balances. Management estimates the allowance based on collectability of accounts receivable and prior bad debt experience. Accounts receivable balances are written off against the allowance upon management's determination that such accounts are uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off are recorded when received. Management believes that credit risks on accounts receivable will not be material to the financial position of the Company or results of operations. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$400 and \$12,500 as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

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Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The respective carrying value of certain financial instruments approximated their fair values. These financial instruments include cash, accounts payable and accrued expenses, and notes payable. The fair value of the Company's convertible securities is based on management estimates and reasonably approximates their book value.

See Footnote 11 and 12 for stock based compensation and other equity instruments.

#### Segment Information

Accounting Standards Codification subtopic Segment Reporting 280-10 (“ASC 280-10”) establishes standards for reporting information regarding operating segments in annual financial statements and requires selected information for those segments to be presented in interim financial reports issued to stockholders. ASC 280-10 also establishes standards for related disclosures about products and services and geographic areas. Operating segments are identified as components of an enterprise about which separate discrete financial information is available for evaluation by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in making decisions how to allocate resources and assess performance. The information disclosed herein materially represents all of the financial information related to the Company’s principal operating segment.

#### Long-Lived Assets

The Company follows a “primary asset” approach to determine the cash flow estimation period for a group of assets and liabilities that represents the unit of accounting for a long-lived asset to be held and used. Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

The Company evaluates the recoverability of long-lived assets based upon forecasted undiscounted cash flows. Should impairment in value be indicated, the carrying value of the assets will be adjusted, based on estimates of future discounted cash flows resulting from the use and ultimate disposition of the asset. No impairments was recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

#### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Intangible assets with indefinite lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually. No impairment was recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the asset’s estimated useful life of 5 to 15 years. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. When retired or otherwise disposed, the related carrying value and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the net difference less any amount realized from disposition is reflected in earnings.

#### Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating lease right-of-use assets (“ROU assets”) and short-term and long-term lease liabilities are included on the face of the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company’s obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company’s leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also excludes lease incentives. The Company’s lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are accounted for as a single lease component. For lease agreements with terms less than 12 months, the Company has elected the short-term lease measurement and recognition exemption, and it recognizes such lease payments on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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### Net (loss) Per Share

The Company accounts for net income (loss) per share in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 260-10, Earnings Per Share (“ASC 260-10”), which requires presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share (“EPS”) on the face of the statement of operations for all entities with complex capital structures and requires a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic EPS computation to the numerator and denominator of the diluted EPS.

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. It excludes the dilutive effects of any potentially issuable common shares.

Diluted net loss share is calculated by including any potentially dilutive share issuances in the denominator. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, potentially dilutive shares issuances were comprised of convertible notes, warrants and stock options.

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>
Shares underlying options outstanding	843,630	478,850
Shares underlying warrants outstanding	85,250	12,750
Shares underlying convertible notes outstanding	2,227,575	1,875,000
Convertible preferred stock outstanding	240,000	240,000
	<u>3,396,455</u>	<u>2,606,600</u>

### Advertising

The Company follows the policy of charging the costs of advertising to expense as incurred. The Company charged to operations \$30,061 and \$50,564 as advertising costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and \$21,200 and \$42,015 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

### Grant Income

On January 17, 2019, the Company received a Notice of Award from the United States Department of Health and Human Services for a grant from the National Institutes of Health (“NIH”) in support of BICX102 from the National Institute on Drug Abuse. The grant provides for (i) \$2,842,430 in funding during the first year and (ii) \$2,831,838 during the second year subject to the terms and conditions specified in the grant, including satisfactory progress of project and the availability of funds. Grant payments received prior to the Company’s performance of work required by the terms of the research grant are recorded as deferred income and recognized as grant income once work is performed and qualifying costs are incurred. As of June 30, 2019, \$351,796 in grant funds received were recorded as grant income.

### Research and development costs

The Company accounts for research and development costs in accordance with the Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 730-10, Research and Development (“ASC 730-10”). Under ASC 730-10, all research and development costs must be charged to expense as incurred. Accordingly, internal research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Third-party research and development costs are expensed when the contracted work has been performed or as milestone results have been achieved. Company-sponsored research and development costs related to both present and future products are expensed in the period incurred. The Company incurred research and development expenses of \$135,138 and \$281,103 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and \$0 and \$59,006 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

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### Stock Based Compensation

Share-based compensation issued to employees is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense over the requisite service period. The Company measures the fair value of the share-based compensation issued to non-employees using the stock price observed in the trading market (for stock transactions) or the fair value of the award (for non-stock transactions), which were considered to be more reliably determinable measures of fair value than the value of the services being rendered. The measurement date is the earlier of (1) the date at which commitment for performance by the counterparty to earn the equity instruments is reached, or (2) the date at which the counterparty's performance is complete.

### Application of New Accounting Standards

On January 1, 2019, upon adoption of ASC Topic 842, the Company recorded right to use assets of \$25,465, lease liability of \$26,229 and eliminated deferred rent of \$764.

In adopting ASC Topic 842, Leases (Topic 842), the Company has elected the 'package of practical expedients', which permit it not to reassess under the new standard its prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs. The Company did not elect the use-of-hindsight or the practical expedient pertaining to land easements; the latter is not applicable to the Company. In addition, the Company elected not to apply ASC Topic 842 to arrangements with lease terms of 12 month or less. In determining the length of the lease term to its long term lease, the Company determined there was no embedded extension option. At lease commencement date, the Company estimated the lease liability and the right of use assets at present value using the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 8% and determined the initial present value, at inception, of \$139,407.

On February 14, 2019, the Company renewed the lease for another 63 months and remeasured right to use assets and lease liability at \$281,949 and \$315,096 respectively.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

There are various updates recently issued, most of which represented technical corrections to the accounting literature or application to specific industries and are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### **NOTE 3 – GOING CONCERN AND MANAGEMENT'S LIQUIDITY PLANS**

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had cash of \$4,812,697 and working capital deficit of \$1,689,269. During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company used net cash in operating activities of \$1,224,449. The Company has not yet generated any significant revenues, and has incurred net losses since inception. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company raised \$100,000 proceeds from the sale of common stock and \$6,000,000 proceeds in connection with subscription and royalty agreement (See note 11). The Company believes that its current cash on hand will not be sufficient to fund its projected operating requirements for the next twelve months following the filing of this report.

The Company's primary source of operating funds since inception has been from proceeds from private placements of convertible and other debt and the sale of common stock. The Company intends to raise additional capital through private placements of debt and equity securities, but there can be no assurance that these funds will be available on terms acceptable to the Company, or will be sufficient to enable the Company to fully complete its development activities or sustain operations. If the Company is unable to raise sufficient additional funds, it will have to develop and implement a plan to further extend payables, reduce overhead, or scale back its current business plan until sufficient additional capital is raised to support further operations. There can be no assurance that such a plan will be successful.

Accordingly, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern and the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities presented in the financial statements do not necessarily purport to represent realizable or settlement values. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustment that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

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**NOTE 4 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

The Company's property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>
Office equipment	\$ 34,234	\$ 34,234
Computer equipment	5,544	5,544
Manufacturing equipment	98,373	30,747
	138,151	70,525
Less accumulated depreciation	(31,690)	(26,156)
	<u>\$ 106,461</u>	<u>\$ 44,369</u>

Depreciation expense charged to operations amounted to \$3,340 and \$5,534, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019; and \$1,302 and \$4,748, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

**NOTE 5 – LEASE**

*Operating leases*

On March 9, 2016, the Company entered into a lease amendment and expansion agreement, whereby the Company agreed to lease office space in Anaheim, California, commencing July 1, 2016 and expiring on June 30, 2019. On January 1, 2019, upon adoption of ASC Topic 842, the Company recorded right to use assets of \$25,465, lease liability of \$26,229 and eliminated deferred rent of \$764.

On February 14, 2019, the Company extended the term of its lease for an additional 63 months beginning July 1, 2019 (at expiry of the original lease). The extended term expires on September 30, 2024. The extended lease has escalating payments from \$5,522 per month to \$6,552 per month. On February 14, 2019, the Company reassessed the value of right to use assets of \$281,949 and lease liability of \$315,096.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded \$62,797 as lease expense to current period operations.

Lease liability is summarized below:

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>
Total lease liability	\$ 303,364
Less: short term portion	(43,574)
Long term portion	<u>\$ 259,790</u>



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Maturity analysis under these lease agreements are as follows:

Six months ended December 31, 2019	\$	33,134
2020		67,392
2021		69,751
2022		72,222
2023 and beyond		<u>132,313</u>
Less: Present value discount		(71,448)
Lease liability	\$	<u><u>303,364</u></u>

Lease expense for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was comprised of the following:

Operating lease expense	\$	62,797
Short-term lease expense		-
Variable lease expense		-
	\$	<u><u>62,797</u></u>

Weighted-average remaining lease term and discount rate for operating leases are as follows:

Weighted-average remaining lease term	5.26
Weighted-average discount rate	8%

**NOTE 6 – INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY/ LICENSING RIGHTS**

On August 20, 2018, the Company purchased all the worldwide rights of Naltrexone Implants formula(s) with exception of New Zealand and Australia from Trinity Compound Solutions, Inc for \$10,000 and 20,000 shares of its common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$236,000.

On October 12, 2018 the Company's majority owned subsidiary, BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals Inc. acquired six patent families for sustained delivery platforms for the local delivery of biologic and small molecule drugs for an aggregate purchase price of \$15,200.

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**NOTE 7 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES**

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>
Accounts payable	\$ 485,277	\$ 655,654
Interest payable on notes payable	1,050,994	898,234
Deferred rent	-	764
	<u>\$ 1,536,271</u>	<u>\$ 1,554,652</u>

**NOTE 8 – NOTES PAYABLE**

On January 26, 2018, the Company issued two unsecured promissory notes in aggregate of \$250,000 bearing interest at 8% per annum with both principal and initially interest due July 26, 2018. In connection with the note issuance, the Company issued an aggregate of 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock to the note holders. The fair value of the common stock at the date of issuance of \$25,500 was recorded as a debt discount and is amortized as interest expense over the term of the notes. On July 26, 2018, the Company issued 100,000 shares in connection with extending the notes till December 26, 2018, the fair value of the common stock of \$12,000 was charged to current period interest. On January 26, 2019, the Company paid \$10,000 interest on one note and issued 1,000 shares of its common stock valued at \$7,500 to extend the note till September 26, 2019. The second note for \$125,000 is extended until September 26, 2019.

On November 15, 2018 and December 12, 2018, the Company issued two promissory notes for \$275,000 each (aggregate of \$550,000) for net proceeds of \$250,000 each, after an original interest discount ("OID") of \$25,000 each. The notes are due nine months from the date of issuance and bear a charge of 8% interest applied at issuance date and due upon maturity. In addition, the Company issued 2,500 shares of common stock and 5,000 warrants to acquire the Company's common stock at \$20.00 expiring three years from the date of issuance per each note. The fair value of the common stock, warrants and together with the OID in aggregate of \$144,661 was recorded as a debt discount and is amortized over the term of the notes. The fair value of the warrants was determined using the Black-Scholes option method with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility: 176.31% to 177.01%, risk free rate: 2.78% to 2.91% and stock price: \$7.20 to \$7.30. On April 26, 2019, the Company paid in full one of the promissory notes, and the other note for \$275,000 was outstanding as of June 30, 2019. On July 9, 2019, the Company paid the second promissory note in full. The two promissory notes have been repaid as of July 9, 2019.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company amortized \$60,387 and \$107,991, respectively, of the debt discount to current period interest expense.

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**NOTE 9 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE**

On June 10, 2016, the Company issued to BICX Holding Company, LLC a \$2,500,000 senior secured convertible promissory note due March 3, 2020 and bearing interest at 8% per annum due annually beginning June 10, 2018. On March 3, 2017 the convertible promissory note was subsequently amended and is convertible into 42.43% of the Company's total authorized common stock and the Company received additional investment of \$1,660,000 from the holder. The note will be convertible into a fixed number of shares of common stock equal to 42.43% (2,227,575 shares) of the total authorized common stock as of March 3, 2017 (closing). As of June 30, 2018, the convertible promissory note had a balance of \$4,160,000.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company amortized \$289,394 and \$656,231, respectively, of the debt discount to current period interest expense.

The interest expense during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$82,972 and 165,032, respectively.

**NOTE 10 – NOTES PAYABLE-RELATED PARTY**

As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had advances from Kent Emry (Chairman of the Company). The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$1,500.

As of June 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the Company had advances from Scott Carley (shareholder). The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$21,480.

On January 22, 2013, the Company issued a unsecured promissory note payable to Kent Emry (Chairman of the Company) for \$200,000 due January 1, 2018, with a stated interest rate of 12% per annum beginning three months from issuance, payable monthly. Principal payments were due starting February 1, 2015 at \$6,650 per month. The lender has an option to convert the note to licensing rights for the State of Oregon. The Company currently is in default of the principal and interest. The note holder subsequently became an officer of the Company. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$163,610.

**NOTE 11 – ROYALTY OBLIGATIONS, NET**

In March 2019, the Company entered into two Subscription and Royalty Agreements (the "Subscription and Royalty Agreements"), one of which was with Louis and Carolyn Lucido CRT LLC, managed by Mr. Louis Lucido, a member of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"). Pursuant to the Subscription and Royalty Agreements: (i) Each party would purchase shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), in the aggregate amount of \$3,000,000 at a purchase price of \$15.00 per share (the "Purchase Price"), for a total of 200,000 shares of Common Stock; and (ii) the Company shall pay each (a) a total of \$37.50 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the first (1st) day that the first unit of the treatment is sold (the "Initial Sales Date") and ending on the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date; and (b) a total of \$25.00 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the day following the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date and ending on the fifteenth (15th) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date (the "Royalty").

Under the Lucido agreement, the Company will use no less than 65% of the proceeds of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement exclusively to develop, launch and expand the Company's weight loss program (the "Business") including sales and marketing activities directly related to the Business, and shall be free to use up to 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. With the prior written consent of Mr. Lucido, the Company may use more than 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. Under the second agreement, the Company will have complete discretion as to the exact amount of the aggregate purchase price to be allocated to the development and expansion of the Business.

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The Company accounted for this transaction as debt in accordance with ASC 470-10-25 and derived a debt discount, which is amortized using the effective interest method over the expected life of the arrangement, which is 15 years. The Company has no obligation to repay the then outstanding balance if during the expected life of 15 years the treatment is discontinued. In order to record the discount of the liability, the Company fair valued the royalty and the difference between fair value of the royalty obligation and the gross projected future payments was \$7,171,200 and was recorded as non-cash interest expense over the life of the liability and offset to additional paid in capital at inception.

During the three months and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company amortized \$115,334 and \$115,334 as interest expenses, respectively.

**NOTE 12 – STOCKHOLDERS’ DEFICIT**

Effective January 22, 2019, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to implement a reverse stock split in the ratio of 1 share for every 100 shares of common stock. As a result, 259,984,655 shares of the Company’s common stock were exchanged for 2,599,847 shares of the Company’s common stock. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse stock split.

Convertible Preferred stock

The Company is authorized to issue 600,000 shares of preferred stock with no par value. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had 80,000 shares of Series A preferred stock and 160,000 shares of Series B preferred stock issued and outstanding.

Each share of Series A preferred stock is entitled to one thousand (1,000) votes and is convertible into one share of common stock. 30,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were owned by management.

Each share of Series B stock is entitled to two thousand (2,000) votes and is convertible into one share of common stock. 120,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock were owned by management.

Common stock

On May 10, 2018, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment to its Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada increasing the total number of shares which the Company is authorized to issue from five hundred twenty five million six hundred thousand (525,600,000) shares to seven hundred fifty million six hundred thousand (750,600,000) shares and increasing the number of authorized shares of common stock from five hundred and twenty five million (525,000,000) shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value, to seven hundred and fifty million (750,000,000) shares of common stock.

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had 2,471,863 shares and 2,440,863 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company issued an aggregate of 7,500 shares of its common stock for services rendered valued at \$111,410 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

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During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company issued 10,000 shares of its common stock in connection with a distribution agreement previously accrued during the year ended December 31, 2017.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the issuance of promissory notes payable valued at \$25,500 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company issued 12,500 shares of its common stock in exchange for proceeds of \$150,000 and received \$1,150,000 common stock subscriptions for 57,500 shares of its common stock and 57,500 three year warrants with an exercise price of \$1.00 per share.

As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had 3,057,848 shares and 2,597,347 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 33,588 shares of its common stock for services rendered valued at \$147,650 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company issued 3,842 shares of its common stock to pay for interest expense valued at \$21,000 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

In February 2019, the Company issued 22,222 shares of its common stock valued at \$100,000 in connection with the February 2019 common stock subscription.

In March 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 400,000 shares of its common stock under these Subscription and Royalty Agreements and subsequently in April 2019 received the proceeds.

### **NOTE 13 – STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS**

#### Options

##### Stock options have been granted under the following plans:

[i] On November 13, 2014, our Board of Directors authorized and approved the adoption of the Plan effective November 13, 2014 (2014 Stock Option Plan) under which an aggregate of 20% (290,879 shares) of the issued and outstanding shares may be issued. The plan shall terminate ten years after the plan's adoption by the board of directors. We granted an aggregate 146,500 stock options. As of June 30, 2019 an aggregate total of 1,500 options have expired and 144,379 can still be granted under the plan.

[ii] On June 15, 2016, our board of Directors authorized and approved the adoption of the Equity Incentive Plan effective June 15, 2016 (2016 Equity Incentive Plan) under which an aggregate of 656,250 shares may be issued. The plan shall terminate ten years after the plan's adoption by the board of directors. We granted an aggregate of 330,350 stock options. As of June 30, 2019 an aggregate total of 325,900 options can still be granted under the plan.

[iii] On May 15, 2018, the Board of Directors approved and adopted the BioCorRx Inc. 2018 Equity Incentive Plan (2018 Stock Option Plan) under which an aggregate of 450,000 shares may be issued. The plan shall terminate ten years after the plan's adoption by the board of directors. The company has granted an aggregate of 368,280 stock options. As of June 30, 2019 an aggregate total of 81,720 options can still be granted under the plan.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the grant of 53,280 stock options to consultants valued at \$233,111. The term of the options ranges from one to five years, and the vesting period of the options ranges from one to two years.

Option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions. The fair value of stock-based payment awards was estimated using the Black-Scholes option model with a volatility figure derived from using the Company's historical stock prices. The Company accounts for the expected life of options based on the contractual life of options for non-employees. For employees, the Company accounts for the expected life of options in accordance with the "simplified" method, which is used for "plain-vanilla" options, as defined in the accounting standards codification. The risk-free interest rate was determined from the implied yields of U.S. Treasury zero-coupon bonds with a remaining life consistent with the expected term of the options.

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In applying the Black-Scholes option pricing model, the Company used the following assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	2.36% - 2.58%
Expected term (years)	1.00 – 5.00
Expected volatility	99.85% - 143.11%
Expected dividends	0.00

The following table summarizes the stock option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2019:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	791,850	\$ 8.09	7.7	\$ 1,188,065
Grants	53,280	6.52	2.9	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired	(1,500)	\$ 20.00	-	-
Outstanding at June 30, 2019	843,630	\$ 7.98	7.0	\$ 740,128
Exercisable at June 30, 2019	802,967	\$ 8.05	7.1	\$ 740,128

The aggregate intrinsic value in the preceding tables represents the total pretax intrinsic value, based on options with an exercise price less than the Company's stock price of \$4.25 as of June 30, 2019, which would have been received by the option holders had those option holders exercised their options as of that date.

The following table presents information related to stock options at June 30, 2019:

Exercise Price	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable Number of Options
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Life In Years	
\$ 0.01-2.50	330,350	7.0	330,350
2.51-5.00	35,000	1.1	35,000
5.01 and up	478,280	7.4	437,617
	843,630	7.0	802,967

The stock-based compensation expense related to option grants was \$703,114 and \$1,653,929 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and \$78,535 and \$448,800 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

As of June 30, 2019, stock-based compensation related to options of \$163,874 remains unamortized and is expected to be amortized over the weighted average remaining period of 10.5 months.

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Warrants

The following table summarizes the changes in warrants outstanding and the related prices for the shares of the Company's common stock:

Warrants Outstanding			Warrants Exercisable		
Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
\$ 20.00	10,000	2.42	\$ 20.00	10,000	2.42
25.00	12,750	0.02	25.00	12,750	0.02
100.00	62,500	1.89	100.00	62,500	1.89
\$ -	85,250	1.67	\$ 79.40	85,250	1.67

The following table summarizes the warrant activity for the six months ended June 30, 2019:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	85,250	\$ 79.40
Issued	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Expired	-	-
Outstanding at June 30, 2019	85,250	\$ 79.40

**NOTE 14 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has an arrangement with Premier Aftercare Recovery Service, ("PARS"). PARS is a Company controlled by Neil Muller, a shareholder of the Company and prior officer of the Company, that provided consulting services to the Company. There is no formal agreement between the parties and the amount of remuneration was \$14,583 per month. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company incurred \$0 as consulting fees and expense reimbursements. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, there was an unpaid balance of \$0 and \$32,318, respectively.

The Company has an arrangement with Felix Financial Enterprises ("FFE"). FFE is a Company controlled by Lourdes Felix, an officer of the Company that provides consulting services to the Company. Until June 13, 2018, there was no formal agreement between the parties and the amount of remuneration is \$14,583 per month. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company incurred \$43,750 and \$87,500, respectively, as consulting fees. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company incurred \$40,798 and \$80,798, respectively, as consulting fees. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, there was an unpaid balance of \$0.

The Company has an arrangement with Soupface LLC ("Soupface"). Soupface is a Company controlled by Brady Granier, an officer of the Company that provides consulting services to the Company. Until June 13, 2018 there was no formal agreement between the parties and the amount of remuneration is \$15,833 per month. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company incurred \$47,500 and \$95,000, respectively, as consulting fees. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company incurred \$43,750 and \$87,500, respectively, as consulting fees. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, there was an unpaid balance of \$0.

The Company has an arrangement with Mr. Tom Welch, VP of Operations. Until June 13, 2018 there was no formal agreement between the parties and the amount of remuneration is \$12,500 per month. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company incurred \$37,500 and \$75,000, respectively, as consulting fees. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, there was an unpaid balance of \$0.

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On July 28, 2016, the Company formed BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. for the purpose of developing certain business lines. In connection with the formation, the newly formed sub issued 24.2% ownership to current or former officers of the Company, with the Company retaining 75.8%. During the six months ended June 30, 2019, BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. began limited operations and there was no operation prior to that.

In March 2019, in the Company entered into a Subscription and Royalty Agreement (the "Subscription and Royalty Agreement"), with Louis and Carolyn Lucido CRT LLC, managed by Mr. Louis Lucido, a member of the Board. (See Note 11). The Company received an aggregate gross proceeds of \$3,000,000 and \$0 royalty was due at June 30, 2019.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company's related party payable was \$196,642, which comprised of compensation payable and interest payable to directors. The Company also issued 12,086 shares of common stock to directors during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

**NOTE 15 – CONCENTRATIONS**

Financial instruments and related items, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and trade receivables. The Company places its cash and temporary cash investments with high credit quality institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit.

The Company's revenues earned from sale of products and services for the three months ended June 30, 2019 included 13% and 13% (aggregate of 26%) from two customers of the Company's total revenues.

The Company's revenues earned from sale of products and services for the six months ended June 30, 2019 included 19% and 18% (aggregate of 37%) from two customers of the Company's total revenues.

The Company's revenues earned from sale of products and services for the three months ended June 30, 2018 included 14%, 25%, 21% and 20% (aggregate of 80%) from four customers of the Company's total revenues.

The Company's revenues earned from sale of products and services for the six months ended June 30, 2018 included 20%, 28%, 17% and 16% (aggregate of 81%) from four customers of the Company's total revenues.

At June 30, 2019, the accounts receivable is \$NIL and three customers accounted for 44%, 17% and 32% (aggregate of 93%) of the Company's total accounts receivable at December 31, 2018.

The Company relies on Trinity Rx as its sole supplier of its Naltrexone implant.

**NOTE 16 – NON CONTROLLING INTEREST**

On July 28, 2016, the Company formed BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, for the purpose of developing certain business lines. In connection with the formation, the, the newly formed sub issued 24.2% ownership to current or former officers of the Company with the Company retaining 75.8%. From inception through December 31, 2017, there were no significant transactions. There were certain licensing rights with a carrying value of \$250,000 and no significant liabilities in BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. In 2018, BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. began operations.



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A reconciliation of the BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. non-controlling loss attributable to the Company:

Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest for the three months ended June 30, 2019:

Net loss	\$	(5,900)
Average Non-controlling interest percentage of profit/losses		24.2%
Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest	\$	<u>(1,427)</u>

Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest for the six months ended June 30, 2019:

Net loss	\$	(6,014)
Average Non-controlling interest percentage of profit/losses		24.2%
Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest	\$	<u>(1,455)</u>

The following table summarizes the changes in non-controlling interest for the six months ended June 30, 2019:

Balance, December 31, 2018		(72,487)
Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest		(1,455)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	<u>(73,942)</u>

Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest for the three months ended June 30, 2018:

Net loss	\$	(184)
Average Non-controlling interest percentage of profit/losses		24.2%
Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest	\$	<u>(45)</u>

Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest for the six months ended June 30, 2018:

Net loss	\$	(184)
Average Non-controlling interest percentage of profit/losses		24.2%
Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest	\$	<u>(45)</u>

The following table summarizes the changes in non-controlling interest for the six months ended June 30, 2018:

Balance, December 31, 2017		-
Net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest		(45)
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$	<u>(45)</u>

**NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Director Agreements

Effective March 1, 2019, the Board appointed Ms. Luisa Ingargiola. In connection with Ms. Ingargiola's appointment to the Board, the Company

entered into a Director Agreement with Ms. Ingargiola pursuant to which she will receive a quarterly cash stipend of \$15,000 in compensation for services and shall be issued, upon the last day of each fiscal quarter, provided the director is a member of the Board as of such date, the number of shares of the Company's common stock equivalent to \$5,000.

Effective March 1, 2019, the Board appointed Mr. Louis Lucido. In connection with Mr. Lucido's appointment to the Board, the Company entered into a Director Agreement with Mr. Lucido pursuant to which he will receive a quarterly cash stipend of \$15,000 in compensation for services and shall be issued, upon the last day of each fiscal quarter, provided the director is a member of the Board as of such date, the number of shares of the Company's common stock equivalent to \$5,000.

Effective March 1, 2019, the Board authorized a formal Director Agreement with Mr. Brady Granier. Pursuant to Mr. Granier's agreement, he will receive a quarterly cash stipend of \$15,000 in compensation for services and shall be issued, upon the last day of each fiscal quarter, provided the director is a member of the Board as of such date, the number of shares of the Company's common stock equivalent to \$5,000.

Effective March 1, 2019, the Board authorized a formal Director Agreement with Ms. Lourdes Felix. Pursuant to Ms. Felix's agreement, she will receive a quarterly cash stipend of \$15,000 in compensation for services and shall be issued, upon the last day of each fiscal quarter, provided the director is a member of the Board as of such date, the number of shares of the Company's common stock equivalent to \$5,000.

Effective March 1, 2019, the Board authorized a formal Director Agreement with Mr. Kent Emry. Pursuant to Mr. Emry's agreement, he will receive a quarterly cash stipend of \$15,000 in compensation for services and shall be issued, upon the last day of each fiscal quarter, provided the director is a member of the Board as of such date, the number of shares of the Company's common stock equivalent to \$5,000.

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### Employment Agreements

The Company has an arrangement with Felix Financial Enterprises (“FFE”). FFE is a Company controlled by Lourdes Felix, an officer of the Company that provides consulting services to the Company. Until June 13, 2018, there was no formal agreement between the parties and the amount of remuneration is \$14,583 per month.

The Company has an arrangement with Souface LLC (“Souface”). Souface is a Company controlled by Brady Granier, an officer of the Company that provides consulting services to the Company. Until June 13, 2018, there was no formal agreement between the parties and the amount of remuneration is \$15,833 per month.

The Company has an arrangement with Mr. Tom Welch, VP of Operations. Until June 13, 2018 there was no formal agreement between the parties and the amount of remuneration is \$12,500 per month.

### Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement

On March 28, 2019, the Company entered into a Subscription and Royalty Agreement (the “Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement”) with Louis and Carolyn Lucido CRT LLC, managed by Mr. Louis Lucido, a member of the Company’s Board of Directors (the “Board”).

Pursuant to the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement: (i) Mr. Lucido purchased shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), in the aggregate amount of \$3,000,000 at a purchase price of \$15.00 per share (the “Purchase Price”), for a total of

200,000 shares of Common Stock; and (ii) the Company shall pay Lucido (a) a total of \$37.50 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the first (1st) day that the first unit of the treatment is sold (the "Initial Sales Date") and ending on the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date; and (b) a total of \$25.00 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the day following the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date and ending on the fifteenth (15th) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date (the "Royalty"). The Company will use no less than 65% of the proceeds of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement exclusively to develop, launch and expand the Company's weight loss program (the "Business") including sales and marketing activities directly related to the Business, and shall be free to use up to 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. With the prior written consent of Mr. Lucido, the Company may use more than 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price for general working capital and administration, and for further product development.

The Company issued 200,000 common shares to Lucido on March 28, 2019 and recorded the fair value of the shares in equity. The Company recorded a liability for the Royalty when the obligation began upon the receipt of proceeds in April 2019.

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Galligan Subscription and Royalty Agreement

On April 1, 2019, the Company entered into a Subscription and Royalty Agreement (the “Galligan Subscription and Royalty Agreement” and, together with the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement, the “Agreements”) with the J and R Galligan Revocable Trust, managed by Mr. Joseph Galligan. Although the Galligan Subscription and Royalty Agreement was dated March 27, 2019, it did not become effective until it was fully executed on April 1, 2019. The terms and conditions of the Galligan Subscription and Royalty Agreement (including the amount of shares of Common Stock purchased, the Purchase Price, and the terms of the Royalty) are substantially the same as the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement except that the Company will have complete discretion as to the exact amount of \$3,000,000 of the Galligan Subscription and Royalty Agreement to be allocated to the development and expansion of the Business.

The Company issued 200,000 common shares to Galligan on March 28, 2019 and recorded the fair value of the shares in equity. The Company recorded a liability for the Royalty when the obligation began upon the receipt of proceeds in April 2019.

*Royalty agreement*

Alpine Creek Capital Partners LLC

On December 10, 2015, the Company entered into a royalty agreement with Alpine Creek Capital Partners LLC (“Alpine Creek”). The Company is in the business of selling a distinct implementation of the BioCorRx Recovery Program, a two-tiered comprehensive MAT program, which includes a counseling program, coupled with its proprietary Naltrexone Implant (the “Treatment”).

In accordance with the terms and provisions of the agreement, Alpine Creek will pay the Company an aggregate of \$405,000 , payable as follows: (a) a deposit in the amount of \$55,000, which Alpine Creek paid to the Company on November 20, 2015, (b) cancellation of that certain secured promissory note, dated October 19, 2015, issued by the Company to Alpine Creek in the aggregate principal amount of \$55,000 and (c) within two (2) business days from the effective date, Alpine Creek will pay \$295,000 to the Company.

In consideration for the payment, with the exception of treatments conducted in certain territories, the Company will pay Alpine Creek fifty percent (50%) of the Company’s gross profit for each Treatment sold in the United States that includes procurement of the Company’s implant product until the Company has paid Alpine Creek \$1,215,000. In the event that the Company has not paid Alpine Creek \$1,215,000 within 24 months of the Effective Date, then the Company shall continue to pay Alpine Creek fifty percent (50%) for each Treatment following the Effective Date until the Company has paid Alpine Creek an aggregate of \$1,620,000, with the exception of treatments conducted in certain territories. Upon the Company’s satisfaction of these obligations, the Company shall pay Alpine Creek \$100 for each treatment sold in the United States that includes procurement of the Company’s implant product, into perpetuity. As of June 30, 2019, the Company has paid \$27,800 to Alpine Creek. \$96,120 is owed to Alpine Creek as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

On any other proprietary implant distribution, that excludes the “treatment”, for alcohol and opioid addiction and for which no other payment is due, the Company shall pay 2.5% of the Company’s gross profit for implant distribution not to exceed \$100 per sale. As of June 30, 2019, there are no payments due.

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Charles River Laboratories, Inc.

On May 24, 2019, the Company entered into a Master Services Agreement (the “MSA”) with Charles River Laboratories, Inc. (“Charles River”). Pursuant to the MSA, Charles River will be conducting studies with regard to BICX102. Studies will be conducted pursuant to Statements of Work entered into by the Company and Charles River.

On May 30, 2019, the Company and Charles River entered into two separate Statements of Work pursuant to which Charles River is conducting a total of six studies. The total consideration the Company will pay Charles River for these six studies is \$2,760,000.

Agreements

As of June 30, 2019 the Company has entered into five consulting and scientific advisory board agreements. In compensation for services: (i) two advisory board members shall be issued common stock equivalent to \$5,000 the last day of such quarter when meetings are held (ii) one consultant shall receive common stock equivalent to \$6,250 on the last day of each month and (iii) one consultant shall receive a remuneration amount of \$10,000-\$12,000 per month with an earn out potential of 1% of the Company’s majority owned subsidiary, BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals based on certain factors (iv) one consultant shall be eligible to earn a bonus of 5% of annual sales for UnCraveRx Weight Loss Program if annual sales of \$1-5M are achieved during the term of the agreement.

On July 15, 2019, the Company and its landlord agreed that the Company would move to a larger space within the building that currently houses its principal executive offices. The Company extended the term of its lease for an additional 63 months beginning approximately September 1, 2019 (upon the landlord’s completion of the work on the new space). The extended term expires on November 30, 2024. The extended lease has escalating payments from \$9,505 per month to \$11,018 per month

In 2019, the Company entered into a contract manufacturing agreement for an estimated total fees of \$578,500.

**NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On July 15, 2019, the Company and its landlord agreed that the Company would move to a larger space within the building that currently houses its principal executive offices. The Company extended the term of its lease for an additional 63 months beginning approximately September 1, 2019 (upon the landlord's completion of the work on the new space). The extended term expires on November 30, 2024. The extended lease has escalating payments from \$9,505 per month to \$11,018 per month.

In July 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,658 shares of its common stock for consulting services.



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## **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations includes a number of forward-looking statements that reflect Management's current views with respect to future events and financial performance. You can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may" "will," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate" and "continue," or similar words. Those statements include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of the Company and members of its management team as well as the assumptions on which such statements are based. Prospective investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and*

*involve risk and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements.*

*Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made by the Company in this report and in its other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Important factors currently known to the Company could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes in the future operating results over time. The Company believes that its assumptions are based upon reasonable data derived from and known about its business and operations. No assurances are made that actual results of operations or the results of the Company's future activities will not differ materially from its assumptions. Factors that could cause differences include, but are not limited to, expected market demand for the Company's services, fluctuations in pricing for materials, and competition.*

*Unless otherwise indicated or the context requires otherwise, the words "we," "us," "our", the "Company" or "our Company" refer to BioCorRx Inc., a Nevada corporation, and its subsidiaries.*

## **Business Overview**

BioCorRx Inc., through its subsidiaries, develops and provides innovative treatment programs for substance abuse and related disorders. The BioCorRx® Recovery Program is a non-addictive, medication-assisted treatment (MAT) program for substance abuse that includes peer recovery support. The UnCraveRx™ Weight Loss Management Program is a medically assisted weight management program that is combined with a virtual platform application. The full program is estimated to launch in October 2019. The Company is also engaged in the research and development of sustained release naltrexone products for the treatment of addiction and other possible disorders. Specifically, the company is developing its product candidate (BICX101) a sustained release, injectable naltrexone for the treatment of opioid abuse and alcoholism. The company is also developing an implantable naltrexone treatment (BICX102) a long-acting naltrexone implant that can last several months for the treatment of opioid dependence and alcohol use disorders with the goal of future regulatory approval with the Food and Drug Administration.

The BioCorRx® Recovery Program is a comprehensive addiction program which includes peer support and CBT modules (typically completed in 16 sessions on average but not limited to), coupled with a naltrexone implant. The implant is specifically compounded with a prescription from a medical doctor for each individual and is designed to release naltrexone into the body over multiple months. The naltrexone implant means a single administration, long acting naltrexone pellet(s) that consists of a naltrexone formulation in a biodegradable form that is suitable for subcutaneous implantation in a particular patient.

BioCorRx is not a licensed health care provider and does not provide health care services to patients. BioCorRx does not operate substance abuse clinics. BioCorRx makes the BioCorRx Recovery Program available to health care providers to utilize when the health care provider determines it is medically appropriate and indicated for his or her patients. Any physician or licensed alcohol addiction treatment provider is solely responsible for treatment options prescribed or recommended to his or her patients. At all times, such providers retain complete and exclusive authority, responsibility, supervision and control over their medical practice, their patients, the treatment that their patients receive and any decision to prescribe the implant to any of the provider's patients.

BioCorRx does not condition its license to health care providers accessing the implant on their making available the Counseling Program to the providers' patients although BioCorRx certainly encourages that providers do so.

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BioCorRx has issued several license and distribution agreements to several unrelated third parties involving the establishment of alcoholism and opioid addiction rehabilitation and treatment centers and creating certain addiction rehabilitation programs. The Company has expanded its operations through distribution opportunities of its BioCorRx Recovery Program. There are 18 licensed providers throughout the United States that offer the BioCorRx Recovery Program. The company's current focus will continue on wider distribution across the United States, branding of the BioCorRx Recovery Program and acquisition of healthcare related products and services. The Company is committed to continuing to provide excellent rehabilitation products and services to healthcare providers nationwide as it expands the distribution of the BioCorRx Recovery Program to a network of independent licensed clinics and licensed healthcare professionals.

The Company's subsidiary, BioCorRx Pharmaceuticals, is focused on acquiring and the development of products for the treatment of addiction and other possible disorders. Specifically, the company is developing injectable and implantable naltrexone with the goal of future regulatory approval with the Food and Drug Administration. The Company's pipeline includes BICX101 for the treatment of opioid addiction and alcoholism as well as BICX102 for the same indications.

In August 2017, the Company announced that it had decided to seek U.S. Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA") approval on BICX102 in advance of BICX101. Product candidate BICX102 is a long-acting naltrexone implant that can last several months being developed for opioid dependence and alcohol use disorders. The pre-IND meeting date for BICX102 took place on January 24, 2018. On February 12, 2018, the Company announced that the FDA deemed the 505(b)(2) pathway as an acceptable route for approval for BICX102; the Company plans to apply for dual indications, both opioid use disorder and alcohol use disorder, within the same application. A grant application was submitted to the National Institutes of Health on May 14, 2018 for funding the development and study plans for BICX102. On January 17, 2019, the Company received a Notice of Award from the United States Department of Health and Human Services for a grant from the National Institutes of Health ("NIH") in support of BICX102 from the National Institute on Drug Abuse. The grant provides for (i) \$2,842,430 in funding during the first year and (ii) \$2,831,838 during the second year subject to the terms and conditions specified in the grant, including satisfactory progress of project and the availability of funds.

The UnCraveRx™ Weight Loss Management Program is a medically assisted weight management program that helps to reduce food cravings combined with on-demand virtual lifestyle support, fitness and nutrition. The UnCraveRx™ virtual app is available online [www.myuncraverx.com](http://www.myuncraverx.com) or through Android or iOS app stores. The estimated launch of the full program is October 2019.

## **Recent Developments**

On January 16, 2018, majority shareholders holding 59% of the voting equity voted to grant discretionary authority to the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), at any time or times for a period of 12 months after the date of the written consent, to adopt an amendment to the Company's articles of incorporation to effect a reverse split of its issued and outstanding common stock in a range of not less than 1-for-5 and not more than 1-for-500 (the "Reverse Stock Split"). The Reverse Stock Split was filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada and subsequently approved by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) on January 18, 2019 and took effect on January 22, 2019. All share and per share information in this Quarterly Report have been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the Reverse Stock Split, including the financial statements and notes thereto.

On February 18, 2019, the Board appointed Ms. Luisa Ingargiola and Mr. Louis Lucido to the Board, effective March 1, 2019.

In connection with Ms. Ingargiola's and Mr. Lucido's appointments to the Board, the Company entered into a Director Agreement with each of

Ms. Ingargiola and Mr. Lucido pursuant to which each director will receive a quarterly cash stipend of \$15,000 in compensation for their services and shall be issued, upon the last day of each fiscal quarter, provided the director is a member of the Board as of such date, the number of shares of the Company's common stock equivalent to \$5,000 as determined based on the average closing price on the three trading days immediately preceding the last day of such quarter.

On March 1, 2019, the Company entered into a director agreement (the "Director Agreement") with each of the following members of the Board: Lourdes Felix, Kent Emry, and Brady Granier. Pursuant to the Director Agreement each of the Directors will receive a quarterly cash stipend of \$15,000 in compensation for his services and shall be issued, upon the last day of each fiscal quarter, provided he is a member of the Board as of such date, the number of shares of the Company's common stock equivalent to \$5,000 as determined based on the average closing price on the three trading days immediately preceding the last day of such quarter.

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In March 2019, the Company entered into two Subscription and Royalty Agreements (the “Subscription and Royalty Agreements”), one of which was with Louis and Carolyn Lucido CRT LLC, managed by Mr. Lucido. Pursuant to the Subscription and Royalty Agreements: (i) Each party would purchase shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), in the aggregate amount of \$3,000,000 at a purchase price of \$15.00 per share (the “Purchase Price”), for a total of 200,000 shares of Common Stock; and (ii) the Company shall pay each (a) a total of \$37.50 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the first (1st) day that the first unit of the treatment is sold (the “Initial Sales Date”) and ending on the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date; and (b) a total of \$25.00 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the day following the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date and ending on the fifteenth (15th) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date (the “Royalty”).

Under the Lucido agreement, the Company will use no less than 65% of the proceeds of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription

and Royalty Agreement exclusively to develop, launch and expand the Company's weight loss program (the "Business") including sales and marketing activities directly related to the Business, and shall be free to use up to 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. With the prior written consent of Mr. Lucido, the Company may use more than 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. Under the second agreement, the Company will have complete discretion as to the exact amount of the aggregate purchase price to be allocated to the development and expansion of the Business.

In March 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 400,000 shares of its common stock under these Subscription and Royalty Agreements and subsequently in April 2019 received the proceeds.

### Results of Operations

The following table summarizes changes in selected operating indicators of the Company, illustrating the relationship of various income and expense items to net sales for the respective periods presented (components may not add or subtract to totals due to rounding):

#### **Three Months ended June 30, 2019 Compared with Three Months ended June 30, 2018**

<b>Three months ended June 30,</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
Net Revenues	\$ 65,976	\$ 98,674
Total Operating Expenses	(1,665,880)	(840,129)
Net Interest Expense	(583,308)	(480,132)
Grant income	127,737	-
Other miscellaneous income	14,517	-
Net loss	<u>\$ (2,040,958)</u>	<u>\$ (1,221,587)</u>

### Revenues

Total net revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2019 were \$65,976 compared with \$98,674 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, reflecting a decrease of 33.1%. Sales/access fees for three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$7,500 and \$39,500, respectively, reflecting a decrease of \$32,000. The primary reason for the decrease in 2019 is directly related to the reduced number of patients treated at licensed clinics and BioCorRx Recovery Program distribution. The lack of payer reimbursement for treatment has significantly affected and limited licensed clinics from providing treatment to individuals seeking treatment. Distribution rights income for three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$58,476 and \$59,174, respectively, the decrease was immaterial.

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**Total Operating Expenses**

Total operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$1,665,880 and \$840,129, respectively, reflecting an increase of \$825,751. The primary reason for the increase in 2019 is an increase in stock based compensation related to both directors and service providers as compared to 2018. The Company incurred \$810,514 in stock based compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to \$428,390 for the three months ended June 30, 2018. In addition, comparing the three months ended June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2018, research and development expense increased from \$0 to \$135,138 due to the development costs associated with the upcoming full launch of the Company's UnCraveRx™ weight loss program, consulting and investor relations fees increased from \$210,381 to \$305,826 due to an increase in the compensation for the Company's directors, and accounting and legal fees increased from \$28,038 to \$165,633 due to more legal services used in 2019 in connection with the Company's S-1 filings.

**Interest Expense**

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$583,308 and \$480,132, respectively. The increase is primarily due to the interest expense incurred on a past due bill and the amortization of discount on royalty obligation during the three months ended June 30, 2019.

**Grant Income**

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company received grant income of \$127,737 as compared to \$0 for the comparable period last year. The funds are available to reimburse the Company for certain incurred direct costs and 17% indirect costs. Indirect costs are costs that are not directly related to the project itself but are required to conduct the research and are critical to the success of the project and organization as a whole.

**Net Loss**

For the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company experienced a net loss of \$2,040,958 compared with a net loss of \$1,221,587 for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The increase in net loss is primarily due to the higher operating costs and stock based compensation incurred in 2019.

**Six Months ended June 30, 2019 Compared with Six Months ended June 30, 2018**

<b>Six months ended June 30,</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
Net Revenues	\$ 131,250	\$ 246,398
Total Operating Expenses	(3,211,524)	(1,526,808)
Net Interest Expense	(1,097,476)	(942,923)

Grant income	351,796	-
Other miscellaneous income	14,517	-
Net loss	<u>\$ (3,811,437)</u>	<u>\$ (2,223,333)</u>

***Revenues***

Total net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2019 were \$131,250 compared with \$246,398 for the three months ended June 30, 2018, reflecting a decrease of 46.7%. Sales/access fees for six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$14,250 and \$103,700, respectively, reflecting a decrease of \$89,450. The primary reason for the decrease in 2019 is directly related to the reduced number of patients treated at licensed clinics and BioCorRx Recovery Program distribution. The lack of payer reimbursement for treatment has significantly affected and limited licensed clinics from providing treatment to individuals seeking treatment. Distribution rights income for six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$117,000 and \$142,698, respectively, reflecting a decrease of \$25,698. The primary reason for the decrease in 2019 was due to the deferred revenues from certain licenses were fully amortized in prior years.

***Total Operating Expenses***

Total operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$3,211,524 and \$1,526,808, respectively, reflecting an increase of \$1,684,716. The primary reason for the increase in 2019 is an increase in stock based compensation related to both directors and service providers as compared to 2018. The Company incurred \$1,801,579 in stock based compensation expense in 2019 compared to \$605,210 in 2018. In addition, comparing the six months ended June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2018, research and development expense increased from \$59,006 to \$281,103 due to the launch and expand of the Company's weight loss program, consulting and investor relations fees increased from \$424,472 to \$563,920 due to the compensation for the Company's directors, and accounting and legal fees increased from \$ 94,617 to \$183,966 due to more legal services used in 2019 in connection with the Company's S-1 filings.



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**Interest Expense**

Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$1,097,476 and \$942,923, respectively, the increase is due to debt discount amortization and interest incurred on outstanding loans of \$970,027 and \$942,923 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and the interest expense incurred on past due bill and the amortization of discount on royalty obligation during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

**Grant Income**

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company received grant income of \$351,796 as compared to \$0 for the comparable period last year. The funds are available to reimburse the Company for certain incurred direct costs and 17% indirect costs.

**Net Loss**

For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company experienced a net loss of \$3,811,437 compared with a net loss of \$2,223,333 for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The increase in net loss is primarily due to the higher operating costs and stock based compensation incurred in 2019.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had cash of approximately \$4,813,000. The following table provides a summary of the Company's net cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities.

<b>Six months ended June 30,</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (1,224,449)	\$ (954,769)

Net cash used in investing activities	(67,626)	(29,563)
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,825,000	1,550,000
Net increase in cash	4,532,925	565,668
Cash, beginning of period	279,772	11,342
Cash, end of period	\$ 4,812,697	\$ 577,010

On January 17, 2019, the Company received a Notice of Award from the United States Department of Health and Human Services for a grant from the National Institutes of Health (“NIH”) in support of BICX102 from the National Institute on Drug Abuse. The grant provides for (i) \$2,842,430 in funding during the first year and (ii) \$2,831,838 during the second year subject to the terms and conditions specified in the grant, including satisfactory progress of project and the availability of funds.

In March 2019, the Company entered into two Subscription and Royalty Agreements (the “Subscription and Royalty Agreements”), one of which was with Louis and Carolyn Lucido CRT LLC, managed by Mr. Lucido. Pursuant to the Subscription and Royalty Agreements: (i) Each party would purchase shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), in the aggregate amount of \$3,000,000 at a purchase price of \$15.00 per share (the “Purchase Price”), for a total of 200,000 shares of Common Stock; and (ii) the Company shall pay each (a) a total of \$37.50 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the first (1st) day that the first unit of the treatment is sold (the “Initial Sales Date”) and ending on the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date; and (b) a total of \$25.00 from the gross revenue derived from each of its weight loss treatments sold in the United States starting on the day following the third (3rd) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date and ending on the fifteenth (15th) anniversary of the Initial Sales Date (the “Royalty”).

Under the Lucido agreement, the Company will use no less than 65% of the proceeds of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement exclusively to develop, launch and expand the Company’s weight loss program (the “Business”) including sales and marketing activities directly related to the Business, and shall be free to use up to 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. With the prior written consent of Mr. Lucido, the Company may use more than 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. Under the second agreement, the Company will have complete discretion as to the exact amount of the aggregate purchase price to be allocated to the development and expansion of the Business.

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In March 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 400,000 shares of its common stock under these Subscription and Royalty Agreements and subsequently in April 2019 received the proceeds.

The Company has historically sought and continue to seek financing from private sources to move its business plan forward. In order to satisfy the financial commitments, the Company had relied upon private party financing that has inherent risks in terms of availability and adequacy of funding.

For the next twelve months, the Company anticipates that it will need to supplement its revenues with additional capital investment or debt to ensure that the Company will have adequate cash to provide the minimum operating cash requirements to continue as a going concern. There can be no guarantee or assurance that the Company can raise adequate capital from outside sources. If the Company is unable to raise funds when required or on acceptable terms, it has to significantly scale back, or discontinue its operations.

#### ***Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities***

Net cash used in operating activities was \$1,224,449 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to \$954,769 used in operating activities the six months ended June 30, 2018. The increase was primarily due to the increased operating costs and expenses incurred in 2019 along with a net decrease in operating liabilities of \$135,381.

#### ***Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities***

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 of \$67,626 was comprised of purchasing equipment, as compared to \$29,563 for the same period of last year. The increase was primarily due to the purchase of machinery for research and development activities.

#### ***Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities***

Net cash provided by financing activities increased by \$4,275,000, from \$1,550,000 provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 to \$5,825,000 cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The increase is primarily due to the \$6,000,000 proceeds received in connection with two Subscription and Royalty agreements entered into with Louis and Carolyn Lucido CRT LLC, and J and R

Under the Lucido agreement, the Company will use no less than 65% of the proceeds of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement exclusively to develop, launch and expand the Company's weight loss program (the "Business") including sales and marketing activities directly related to the Business, and shall be free to use up to 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price of the Lucido Subscription and Royalty Agreement for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. With the prior written consent of Mr. Lucido, the Company may use more than 35% of the aggregate Purchase Price for general working capital and administration, and for further product development. Under the second agreement, the Company will have complete discretion as to the exact amount of the aggregate purchase price to be allocated to the development and expansion of the Business.

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**Going Concern**

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern. This contemplates the realization of assets and the liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$1,689,269 and \$5,807,836, and an accumulated deficit of \$58,986,432 and \$55,176,450. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company raised \$100,000 proceeds from the sale of common stock and \$6,000,000 proceeds in connection with subscription and royalty agreement (See Note 11). The Company believes that its current cash on hand will not be sufficient to fund its

projected operating requirements for the next twelve months since the date of the issuance of the financial statements.

The Company will be dependent upon the raising of additional capital through placement of its common stock in order to implement the Company's business plan or by using outside financing. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in these situations in order to continue as a going concern. The Company is funding its operations by additional borrowings and some shareholder advances.

#### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company does not have any off balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on its financial condition, changes in financial condition, sales or expenses, results of operations, liquidity or capital expenditures, or capital resources that are material to an investment in its securities.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

##### Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include assumptions used in the fair value of stock-based compensation, the fair value of other equity and debt instruments, right-of-use assets, lease liabilities, and allowance for doubtful accounts.

##### Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the selling price is fixed or determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the selling prices of the products delivered and the collectability of those amounts. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related revenue is recorded. The Company defers any revenue for which the services has not been performed or is subject to refund until such time that the Company and the customer jointly determine that the services has been performed or no refund will be required.

The Company licenses proprietary products and protocols to customers under licensing agreements that allow those customers to utilize the products and protocols in services they provide to their customers. The timing and amount of revenue recognized from license agreements depends upon a variety of factors, including the specific terms of each agreement. Such agreements are reviewed for multiple performance obligations. Performance obligations can include amounts related to initial non-refundable license fees for the use of the Company's products and protocols and additional royalties on covered services.

Revenue is only recognized after all of the following criteria are met: (1) written agreements have been executed; (2) delivery of technology or intellectual property rights has occurred; (3) fees are fixed or determinable; and (4) collectability of fees is reasonably assured.

Under these license agreements, the Company receives an initial non-refundable license fee and in some cases, additional running royalties. Generally, the Company defers recognition of non-refundable upfront fees if it has continuing performance obligations without which the technology, right, product or service conveyed in conjunction with the non-refundable fee has no utility to the licensee that is separate and independent of its performance under the other elements of the arrangement. License fees collected from Licensees but not yet recognized as income are recorded as deferred revenue and amortized as income earned over the expected economic life of the related contract.

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### Deferred Revenue

We, from time to time, collect initial license fees when license agreements are signed and become effective. License fees collected from Licensees but not yet recognized as income are recorded as deferred revenue and amortized as income earned over the economic life of the related contract.

### Stock-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation issued to employees is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense over the requisite service period. The Company measures the fair value of the share-based compensation issued to non-employees using the stock price observed in the arms-length private placement transaction nearest the measurement date (for stock transactions) or the fair value of the award (for non-stock transactions), which were considered to be more reliably determinable measures of fair value than the value of the services being rendered. The measurement date is the earlier of (1) the date at which commitment for performance by the counterparty to earn the equity instruments is reached, or (2) the date at which the counterparty's performance is complete.

### Grant Income

On January 17, 2019, the Company received a Notice of Award from the United States Department of Health and Human Services for a grant from the National Institutes of Health ("NIH") in support of BICX102 from the National Institute on Drug Abuse. The grant provides for (i) \$2,842,430 in funding during the first year and (ii) \$2,831,838 during the second year subject to the terms and conditions specified in the grant, including satisfactory progress of project and the availability of funds. Grant payments received prior to the Company's performance of work required by the terms of the research grant are recorded as deferred income and recognized as grant income once work is performed and qualifying costs are incurred. As of June 30, 2019 \$351,796 in grant funds received were recorded as grant income.

### Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating lease right-of-use assets ( ROU assets ) and short-term and long-term lease liabilities are included on the face of the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also excludes lease incentives. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are accounted for as a single lease component. For lease agreements with terms less than 12 months, the Company has elected the short-term lease measurement and recognition exemption, and it recognizes such lease payments on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See the Company's discussion under Note 2-Significant Accounting Policies in its financial statements.

## **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Not required under Regulation S-K for "smaller reporting companies."

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

##### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As required under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), the Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2019. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2019 were effective.



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**Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during last fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

There were, however, changes to our internal control over financial reporting during 2016 and 2017 that have not previously been reported. In August 2016, we hired an accounting administrator to perform basic bookkeeping functions which allows for segregation of duties between different personnel. In addition, in August 2017, we hired a part-time outsourced controller to review the financial statements prepared by other Company

personnel. On July 1, 2019, we hired an accounting manager to oversee our day-to-day accounting operations.

### **Management's report on internal control over financial reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by our Board, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP, including those policies and procedures that: (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and the disposition of our assets, (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and Board, and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements.

Management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, as a result of the full integration during 2018 and 2019 of our accounting administrator, our part-time outsourced controller and accounting manager, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of June 30, 2019.

### **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

From time to time, the Company may be engaged in various lawsuits and legal proceedings in the ordinary course of its business. Except as described below, the Company is currently not aware of any legal proceedings the ultimate outcome of which, in its judgment based on information currently available, would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations. The Company is currently not a party to any material legal proceedings or claims not previously disclosed on Form 8-K.

### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Not required under Regulation S-K for “smaller reporting companies.”

### **ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

There were no unregistered sales of the Company's equity securities during the quarter ended June 30, 2019 that were not previously reported in a Current Report on Form 8-K except as follows:

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 8,706 shares of its common stock for services rendered valued at \$40,250 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

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During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company issued 1,000 shares of its common stock to pay for interest expense valued at \$7,500 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 33,588 shares of its common stock for services rendered valued at \$147,650 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company issued 3,842 shares of its common stock to pay for interest expense valued at \$21,000 based on the underlying market value of the common stock at the date of issuance.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.**

Not Applicable.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.**

<a href="#"><u>10.1</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Master Services Agreement by and between BioCorRx Inc. and Charles River Laboratories Inc., dated May 24, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 14, 2019)</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>31.1</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Certifications of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 *</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>31.2</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Certifications of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 *</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>32.1</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Certifications of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. SEC. 1350 (Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) +</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>32.2</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>Certifications of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. SEC. 1350 (Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002) +</u></a>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document *
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document *
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document *
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document *
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document *
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document *





**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**BIOCORRX INC.**

Date: August 14, 2019

By: /s/ Brady Granier  
Brady Granier  
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 14, 2019

By: /s/ Lourdes Felix  
Lourdes Felix  
Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer

## CERTIFICATION

I, Brady Grainer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of BioCorRx Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonable likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2019

By: /s/ Brady Grainer

Brady Grainer  
President and Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION

I, Lourdes Felix, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of BioCorRx Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonable likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2019

By: /s/ Lourdes Felix  
Lourdes Felix  
Chief Financial Officer and Director



**CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Brady Grainer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report of BioCorRx Inc. on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of BioCorRx Inc.

Date: August 14, 2019

By: /s/ Brady Grainer

Brady Grainer  
President and Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATIONS OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Lourdes Felix, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report of BioCorRx Inc. on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of BioCorRx Inc.

Date: August 14, 2019

By: */s/ Lourdes Felix*

\_\_\_\_\_  
Lourdes Felix  
Chief Financial Officer and Director